

فِي ذِكْرِ الْشَّيْخِ فَرِيدِ الدِّينِ
قَدَسَ اللَّهُ سِرَّهُ

بَيْنَنَا مَلَائِكَةٌ بِلَا أَجْنَاحَةَ، وَلَا
يَحْتَاجُ أَحَدٌ إِلَى أَنْ يَهْمَمَ بِهِمْ.
بَيْنَنَا أَنْاسٌ مِنْ هُوَلَاءِ وَأُولَئِكَ،
وَكُلُّ لَنْسٍ بَيْنَهُمْ مَنْ لَدُنْهُ
أَيُّ سَبَبٍ لِلْيَأسِ؛ لِأَنَّ الْيَأسَ
غَيْرُ مُوجُودٍ.

إِنْ كُنْتَ صَالِحًا – فَهُدَا جَيِّدٌ!
وَلِكُلِّهِ لَنْسٌ شَنِّنَا مُمْبَراً.
أَمَا إِنْ كَانْتَ لَدُنْكَ غَيْرُ بُخْطَاءٍ وَأَخْطَاءٍ
– فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يَقُولُ: «لَوْلَمْ
ذُنِبُوكُوا فَتَنُوُّبُوكُوا، لَأَذْهَبْنَاكُمْ وَ
لَأَنْتُبَتْ بِقَوْمٍ يَذُنِبُونَ
فَتَنُوُّبُوكُونَ».»

الْكَيْمَاتِيُّونَ وَالصَّيَادِلَةُ جَلَسُوا
وَجَلَسُونَ عَلَى أَوَانِهِمْ، يَنْحَثُونَ
عَنْ قَطْرَةٍ أَوْ إِكْسِيرٍ يَحْوِلُ
الثَّرَابَ إِلَى ذَهَبٍ. مَا هَذَا إِلَّا
كَلَامٌ سَخِيفٌ! لَقَدْ خَلَقَ اللَّهُ
الْإِكْسِيرَ الَّذِي يَحْوِلُ الْسَّيِّئَاتَ إِلَى
حَسَنَاتٍ! وَهَذَا الْإِكْسِيرُ هُوَ
الْتَّوْبَةُ!

وَعَدُونَا يَقُولُ: «لَا تَنْطِقْ
بِهَذِهِ الْكَلِمَةِ! لَا تَتَنَلِعُ التَّوْبَةَ!
لَنْ تَسْتَطِعَ أَنْ تَتَحَمِّلُهَا!»
وَعِنْدَمَا تَاتِي التَّوْبَةُ، يَقُولُ:
«أَنْتَ مُكْتَبٌ أَصْلًا بِسَبَبِ
ذُنُوبِكَ، فَلَا تَنْتَظِرْ إِلَى الْمَزِيدِ! لَا
مَزِيدٌ، لَا! بِاللَّهِ عَلَيْكَ،
وَلَا فَلَانَا...»

لَا تَخَافُوا! التَّوْبَةُ هِيَ الْإِكْسِيرُ
الَّذِي يَحْوِلُ الْسَّيِّئَاتَ إِلَى
حَسَنَاتٍ. وَالْحَسَنَاتُ أَسْبَطُ
لَاَنَّ أَنَا الْأَفْضَلُ! فَهُدَا سُفُوتُ
شَنِيعٌ! أَنَّمَا الْحَسَنَاتُ هِيَ أَنْ
تُتَنَافِسَ الْأَخْرَى فِي إِثْبَاتِ أَنَّكَ
أَسْوَأُ مِنْهُ.

Fī dhikrā ash-shaykh Farīd ad-Dīn,
qaddasa Allāhu sirruhā:

Baynanā malā'ikah bilā ajniḥah, wa-lā
yaḥṭāju ahadun ilā an yahtamma bihim.
Baynanā unasun min hā'ulā' wa-ulā'ika,
walākin laysa baynahum man ladayhi
ayy sabab lil-ya's; li'anna al-ya'sa
ghayru mawjūd.

In kunta ṣalīhan – fa-hādhā jayyid!
Walākinahu laysa shay'an mumayyazan.
Ammā in kānat ladayka 'uyūb wa-akh-tā' – fa-inna Allāha yaqūl: «Law lam
tudhni'bū fa-tatūbū, la-adhhabtukum wa-
la-ataytu bi-qawmin yudhni'būna fa-
yatūbūna.»

Al-kīmiyā' iyūna waṣ-ṣayyādalatu jalasū
wa-yajlisūna 'alā awānihim, yabḥathūna
'an qatratin aw iksīr yaḥawwilu at-
turāba ilā dhahab. Mā hādhā illā
kalāmun sakhfī! Laqad khalaqa Allāhu
al-iksīr alladhī yaḥawwilu as-sayyi'āt ilā
ḥasanāt! Wa-hādhā al-iksīr huwa at-
tawbah!

Wa-'aduwunā yaqūl: «Lā tanṭiq
biḥādhihi al-kalimah! Lā tabtali' at-
tawbah! Lan tastaṭī' an tataḥammalhā!»
Wa-'indamā tatī at-tawbah, yaqūl:
«Anta mu'takkibun aşlan bisabab
dhunūbik, fa-lā tanzur ilā al-mazeed! Lā
mazeed, lā! Billāhi 'alayka,
wa-illā fa-anā...»

Lā takhāfū! At-tawbah hiya al-iksīr
alladhī yaḥawwilu as-sayyi'āt ilā
ḥasanāt. Wa-al-ḥasanāt laysat:
„al-ān anā al-afḍal!“ Fa-hādhā suqūṭun
shānī! Innamā al-ḥasanāt hiya an
tanāfas al-ākhar fī ithbāt annaka
aswa'minhu.

Remembering Sheikh Fariduddin *),
qaddasa Allāhu sirruhā:

Among us are wingless angels. No one
needs to worry about them.
Among us are all kinds of people,
but none has any reason for
hopelessness — because such a thing does
not exist.

Are you good? Good! But that's nothing
extraordinary. However, if you are
flawed and carry faults,
Allāh says:
„If you did not commit sins and repent, I
would remove you and bring forth a
people who sin and repent.“

Alchemists and chemists sit
and have sat over their vessels,
seeking to create a drop or elixir that
turns dirt into gold.
What nonsense! —
Allāh has created the elixir that
transforms evil into good — and that is
repentance!

And our enemy whispers: „Don't even
mention it! Don't swallow repentance!
You can't handle it!“ When repentance
approaches, he says:
„You're already depressed enough over
your sins—don't dig any deeper! Not
more, no! For heaven's sake, or else I'm
finished...“

Do not fear! Repentance is the elixir
that turns bad into good. But goodness
does not mean, “Now I'm the best!”
That would be a disgraceful downfall!
Good is the one who argues with
another, insisting to be worse
than he.

*) https://salim.news/storage/PDF_Files/li-0025.pdf